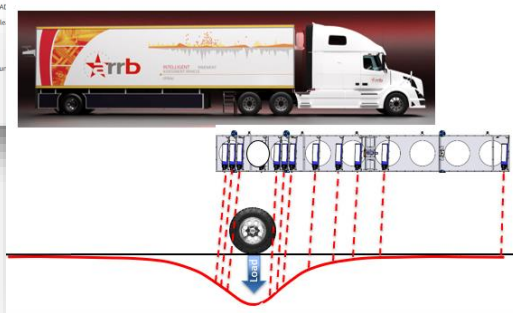
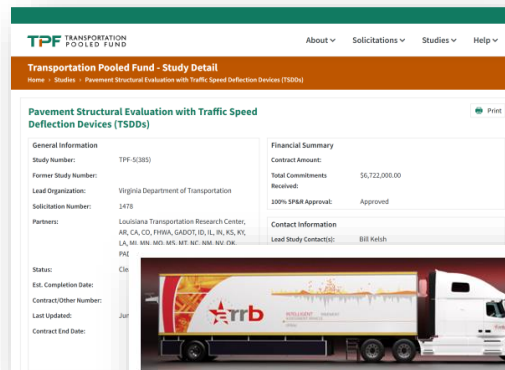




# Collecting network-level structural capacity and blurring the line between network and project level pavement asset management



## TPF-5(385)

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Director, Center for Sustainable and Resilient Infrastructure

October 25, 2023



Center for Sustainable & Resilient Infrastructure

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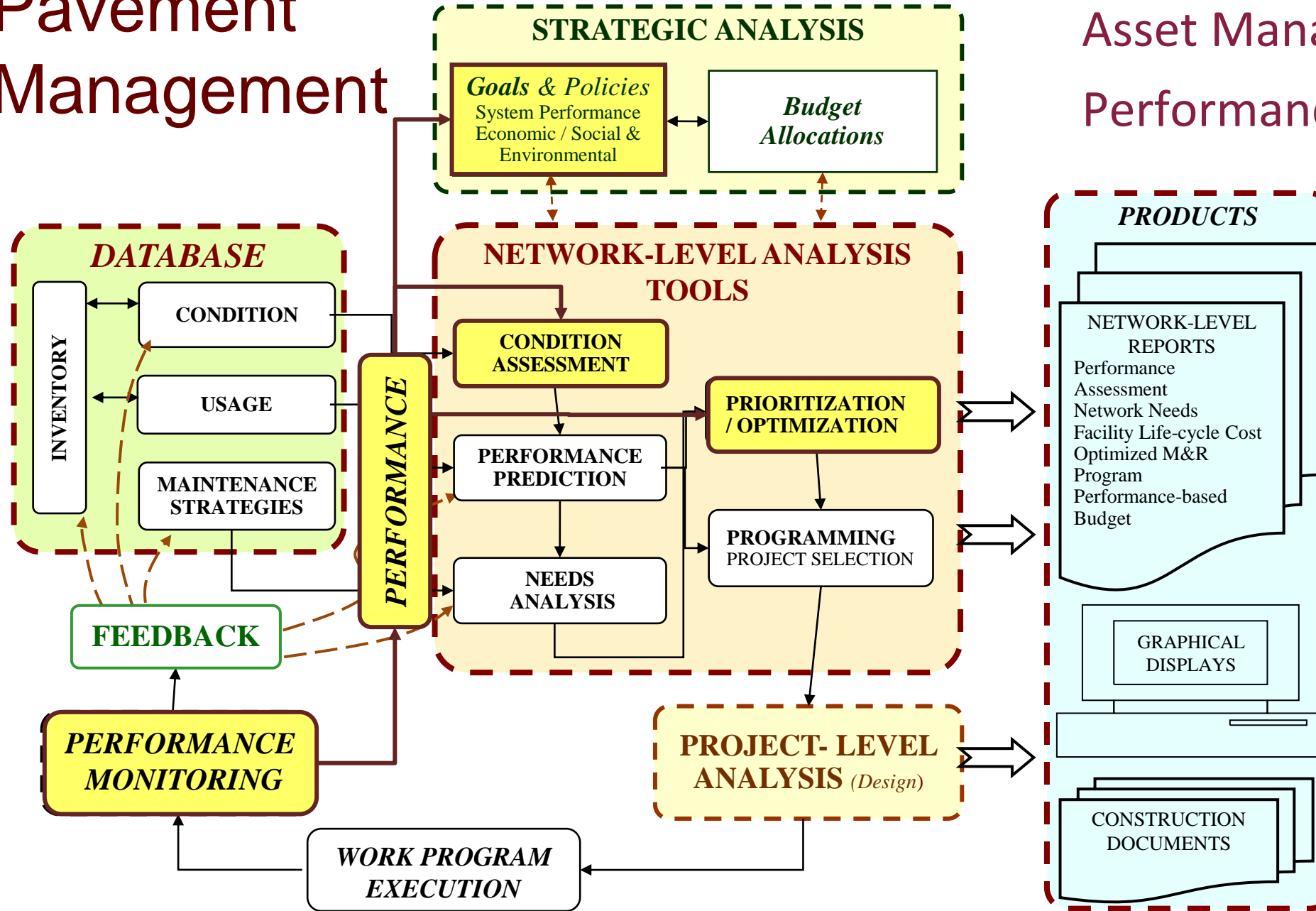
- ✓ Introduction
  - PMS and Structural Evaluation
- ✓ Applications
  - Network Level
  - Corridor/ Project Level
- ✓ Conclusions
- ✓ Acknowledgements
  - **VDOT/ VTRC**
  - **TPF-5(385)**
  - Samer Katicha, CSRI
  - Jim Poorbaugh, MS DOT
  - Brian Diefenderfer, VTRC
  - Eugene Amarth, CSRI
  - Marin Scavone, CSRI
  - Shivesh Shrestha, CSRI



# 1. Introduction



# Pavement Management



Asset Management

Performance Management

Key question: In this framework, is structural capacity important at the all levels?

[Similar question for safety/ friction]

# Pavement Performance

## Project vs. Network Level Data Collection

Service and User Perception

Serviceability (IRI)



Physical Condition

Distress (PCI)



Structural Integrity / Load-Carrying Capacity

Deflection (PCI)



Safety and Sufficiency

Friction/ Macrotexture



Environmental Impact

Tire/Pav. Noise  
Rolling Resistance, ...



Network Level

Project Level



# TSDD Use in the US

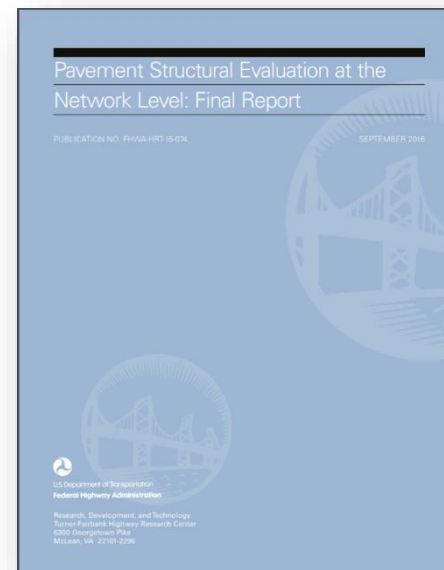


## Development

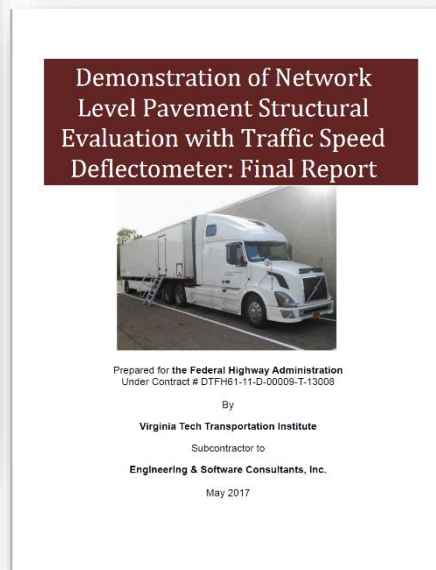
2011 Rada and Nazarian



## Assessment



## Evaluation

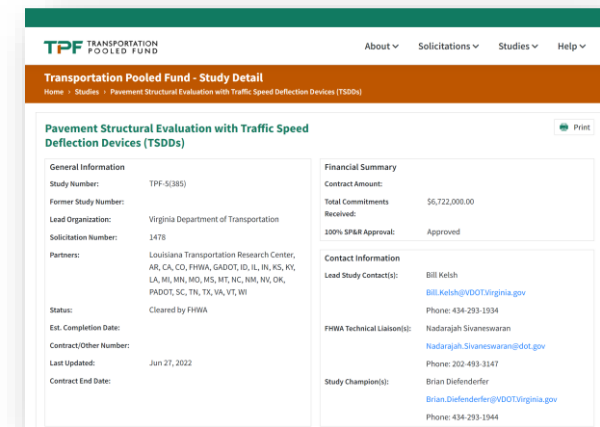


## Demonstration

## Implementation

### Several State Efforts

- ✓ Virginia
- ✓ Louisiana
- ✓ Nationwide TPF 5-385 & 518



<https://www.pooledfund.org/Details/Study/637>

## Verification

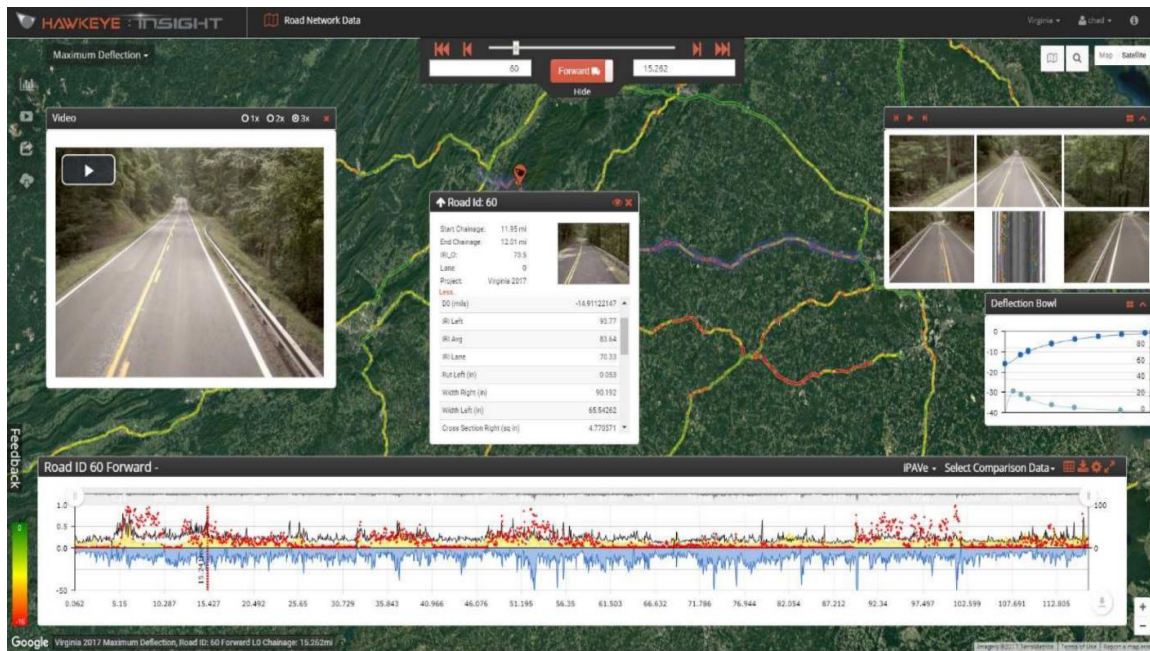
NCHRP 10-105

[https://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/nchrp/docs/NCHRP Project 10-105 Final Report.pdf](https://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/nchrp/docs/NCHRP%20Project%2010-105%20Final%20Report.pdf)

# Demonstration of Network Level Pavement Structural Evaluation with Traffic Speed Deflectometer

Transportation Pooled Fund Study TPF-5(385)

Objective: Providing participating agencies guidelines on how to specify collection and **use data collected with TSDDs for network- and project-level** (if feasible) pavement management applications.

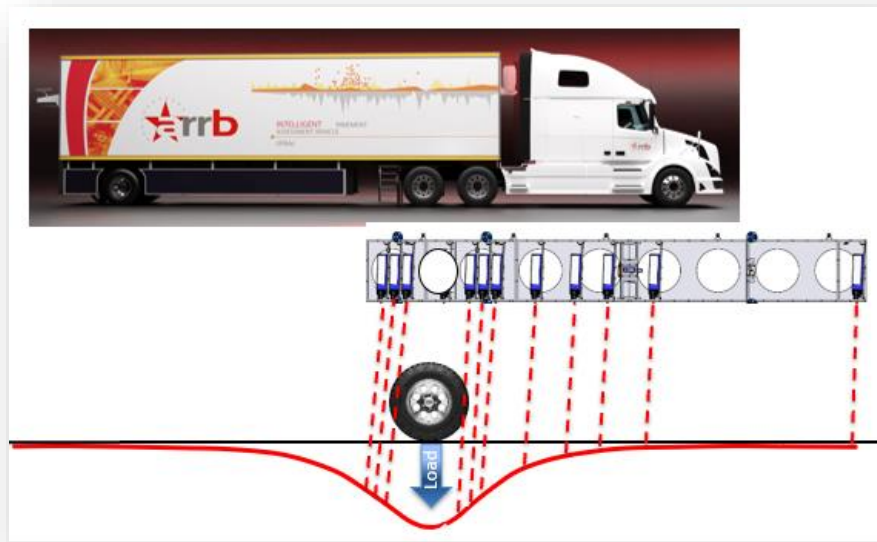


Partners: AR, CA, CO, FHWA, GA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, LA, MI, MN, MO, MS, MT, NC, NM, NV, OK, PA, SC, TN, TX, VA, VT, WI

Research Team:



<http://www.pooledfund.org/Details/Study/637>



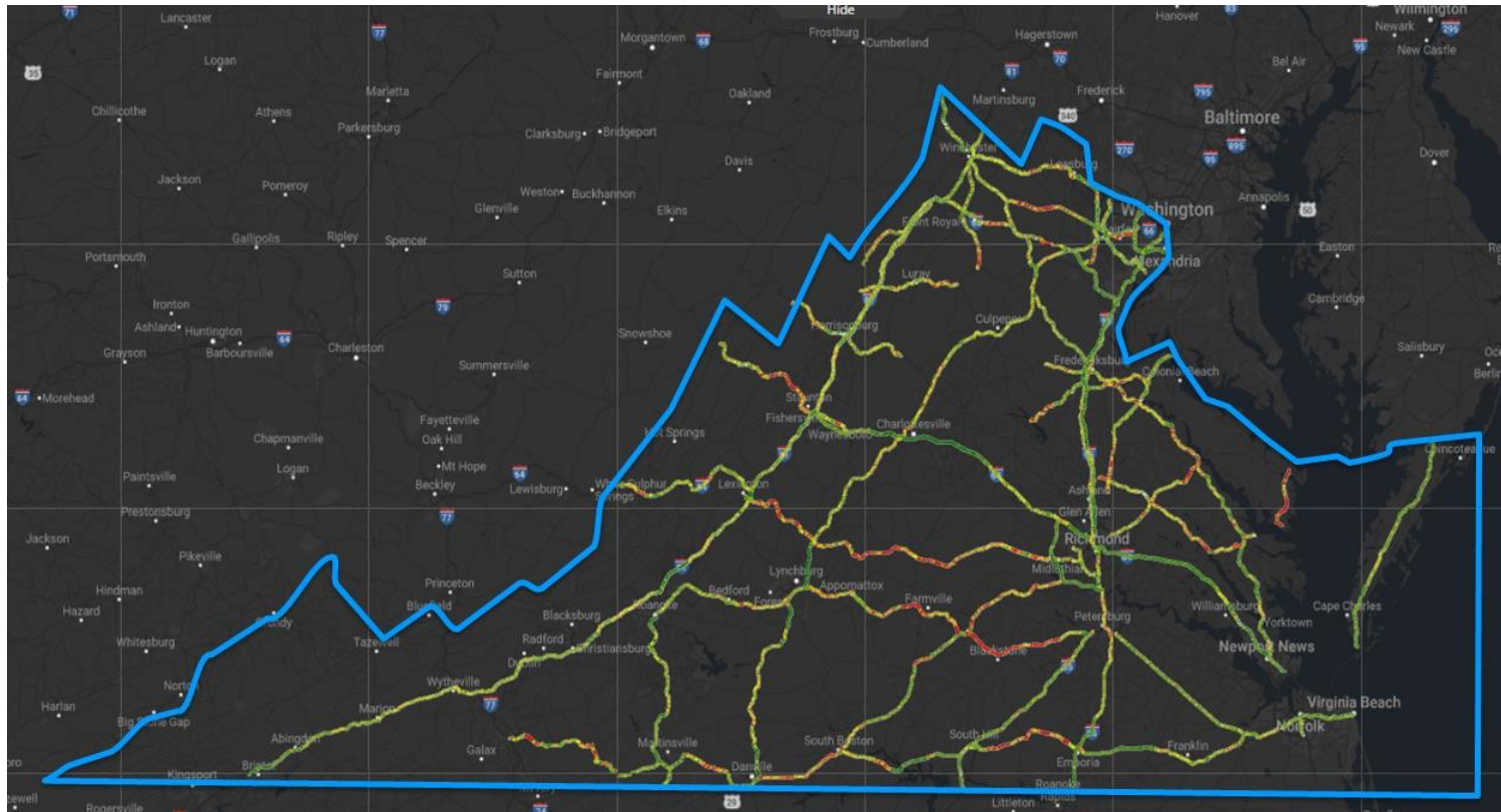
# Applications



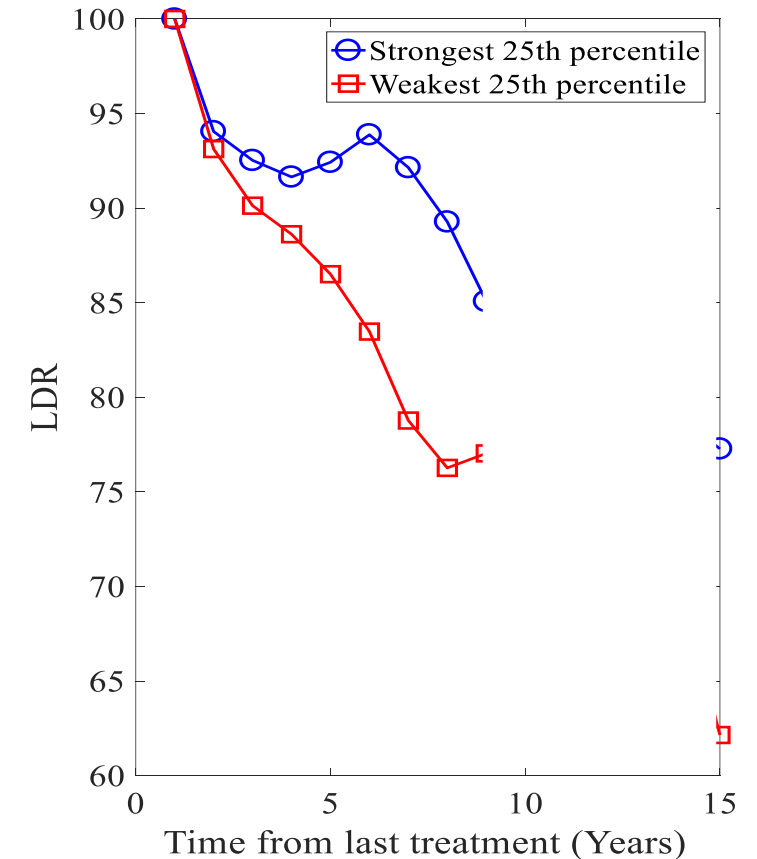
# Example Applications/ Case Studies

- ✓ Network-level
  - Virginia DOT
- ✓ Project Level
  - Mississippi DOT
- ✓ Although we still have a few technical questions
  - The main question for widespread implementation is a business case:  
**What is the return on the investment in traffic-speed structural capacity data collection**
- ✓ Other case studies available from pooled fund (but not covered).
  - Idaho DOT
  - FHWA Eastern Federal Lands
  - Wisconsin DOT

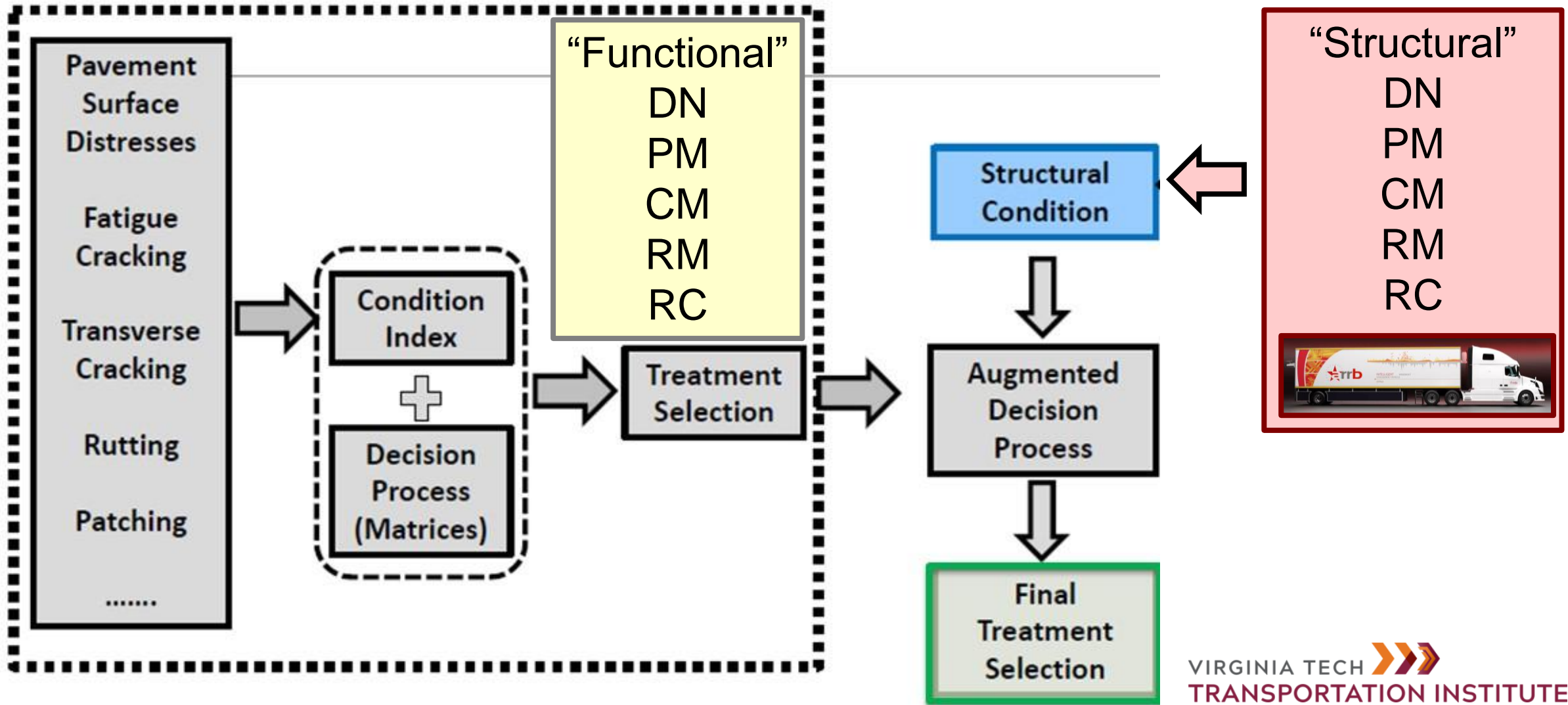
# Virginia Case Study - Motivation for Network Structural Assessment



## SCI<sub>300</sub> and Deterioration



# Structural Data Use by VDOT



# Approach

- ✓ AASHTO method for  $S_{Neff}$  and  $M_r$  →  $S_{Neff} = 0.0045 H_p \sqrt[3]{E_p}$
- ✓ RSSL using AASHTO design equation →  $ESALs = f(SN)$
- ✓ Convert RSSL to treatment category (similar to functional):

Structural Based Treatment	Remaining Structural Life
DN: Do Nothing	>20
PM: Preventive Maintenance	20 – 12
CM: Corrective Maintenance	12 – 8
RM: Restorative Maintenance	8 – 3
RC: Reconstruction	<3

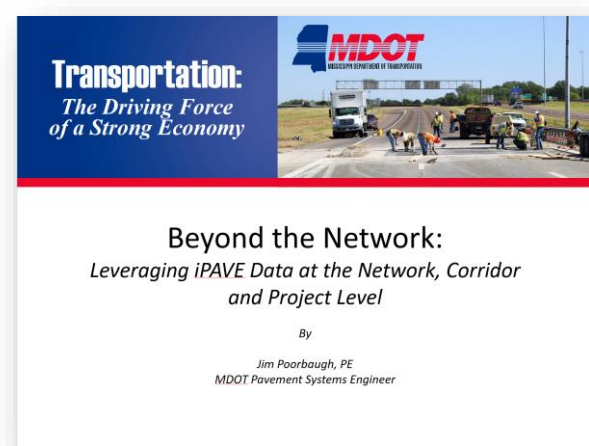
# Combine Structural and Surface Decision Matrices

	Treatments																												
Func.	DN					PM					CM					RM					RC								
Struct.	DN	PM	CM	RM	RC	DN	PM	CM	RM	RC	DN	PM	CM	RM	RC	DN	PM	CM	RM	RC	DN	PM	CM	RM	RC				
Final	DN	DN	DN	DN	DN	PM	PM	PMDN*	DN	DN	PM/CM	PM/CM	CM	RM	RC	CM	CM	CM	RM	RC	CM	CM	RM	RC	CM	CM	RM	RM/RC	RC

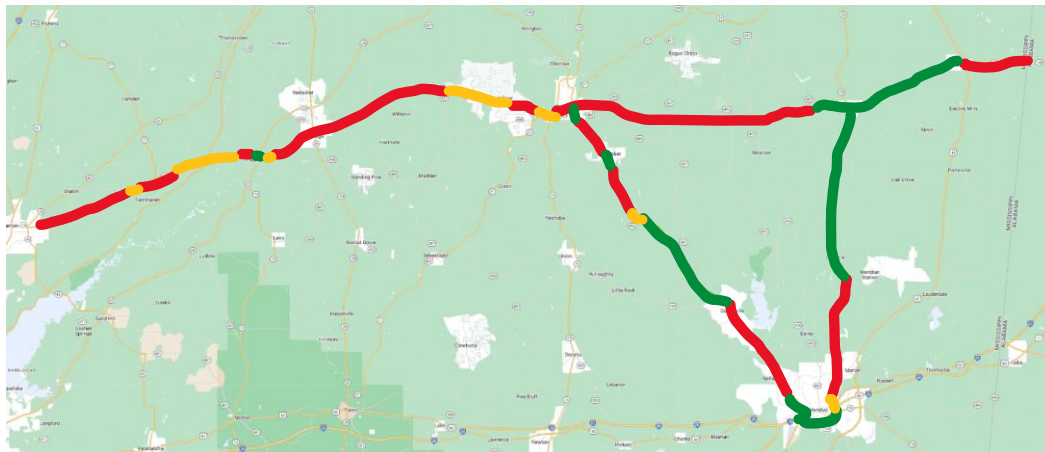
- ✓ Cost of surface condition only: \$175 mil.
- ✓ Enhanced (surf. condition + traffic and age): \$194.4 mil. → **LCCA**
- ✓ Surf. condition + structural condition: \$130.9 mil. **(25% reduction)**
  - Caveat: some treatments are deferred to the future



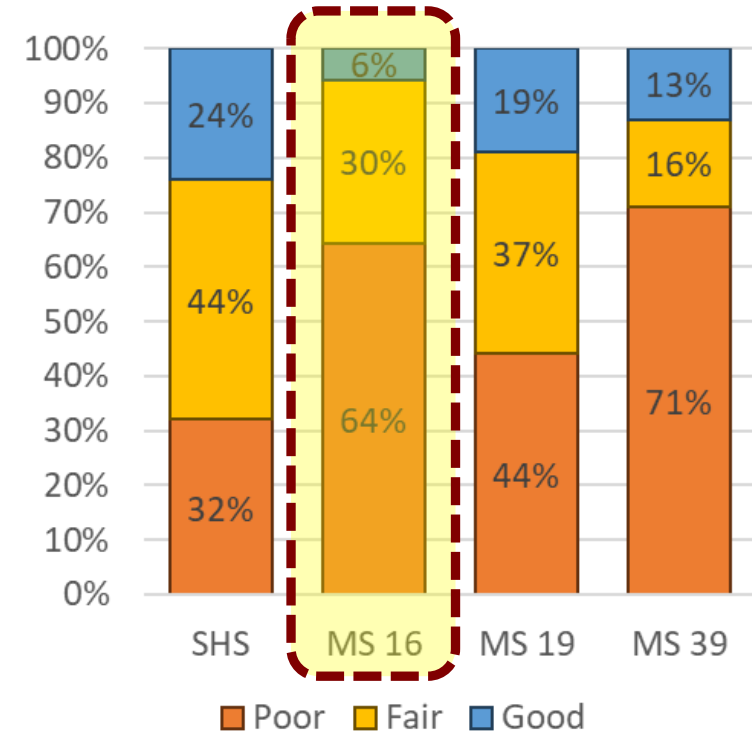
# Mississippi DOT Case Study – Mississippi Triangle



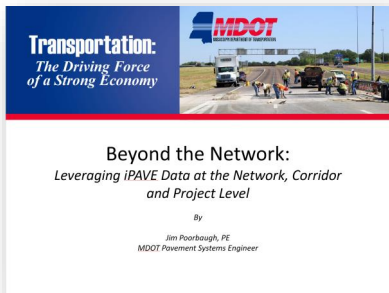
Quick Stats	MS16	MS19	MS39	SHS
Total Lane Miles	349	265	127	28,065
Ave PCR Ranking out of 341	243	200	221	-
% SHS LM	1.24%	0.94%	0.45%	-
% SHS Poor LM	2.5%	1.3%	1.0%	-
Ave Corridor PCR	70	72	71	76
Average IRI	130	106	140	110
Average Rut	0.13	0.11	0.08	0.10
Average % Cracking	23	23	18	16



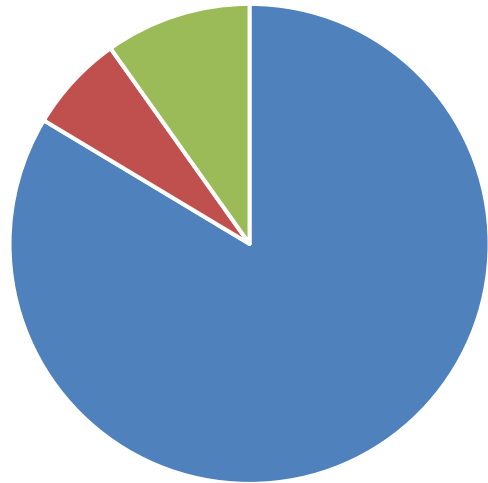
## Pavement Condition Rating (PCR) Distribution



# PMS vs iPAVE

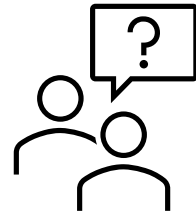


M16 PMS Recommendation



■ Major ■ Minor ■ Resurfacing - Thin

Estimated Cost: \$61 million

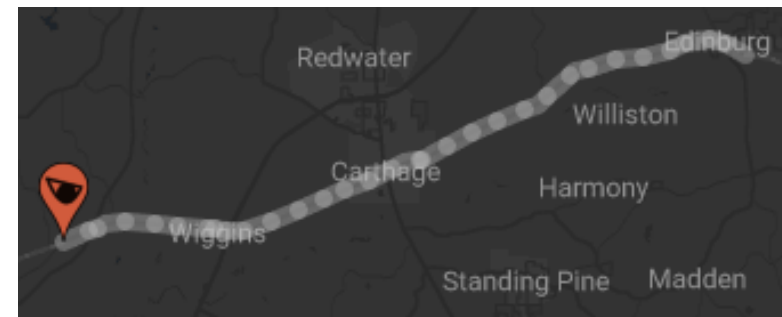
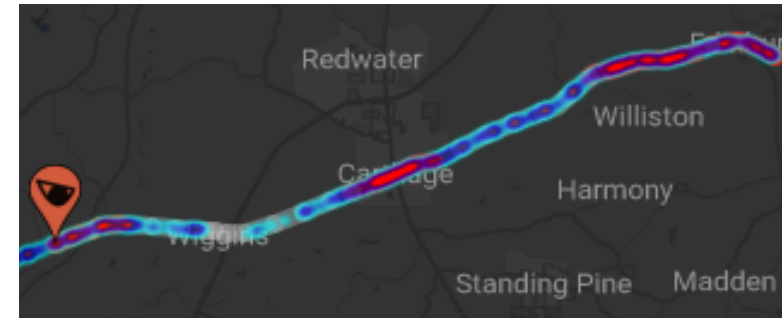
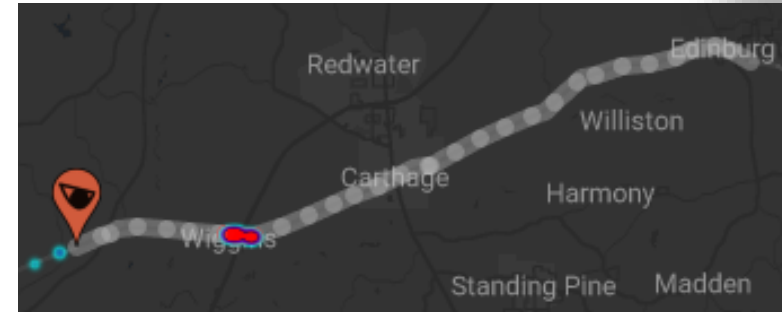


Good:  
PM

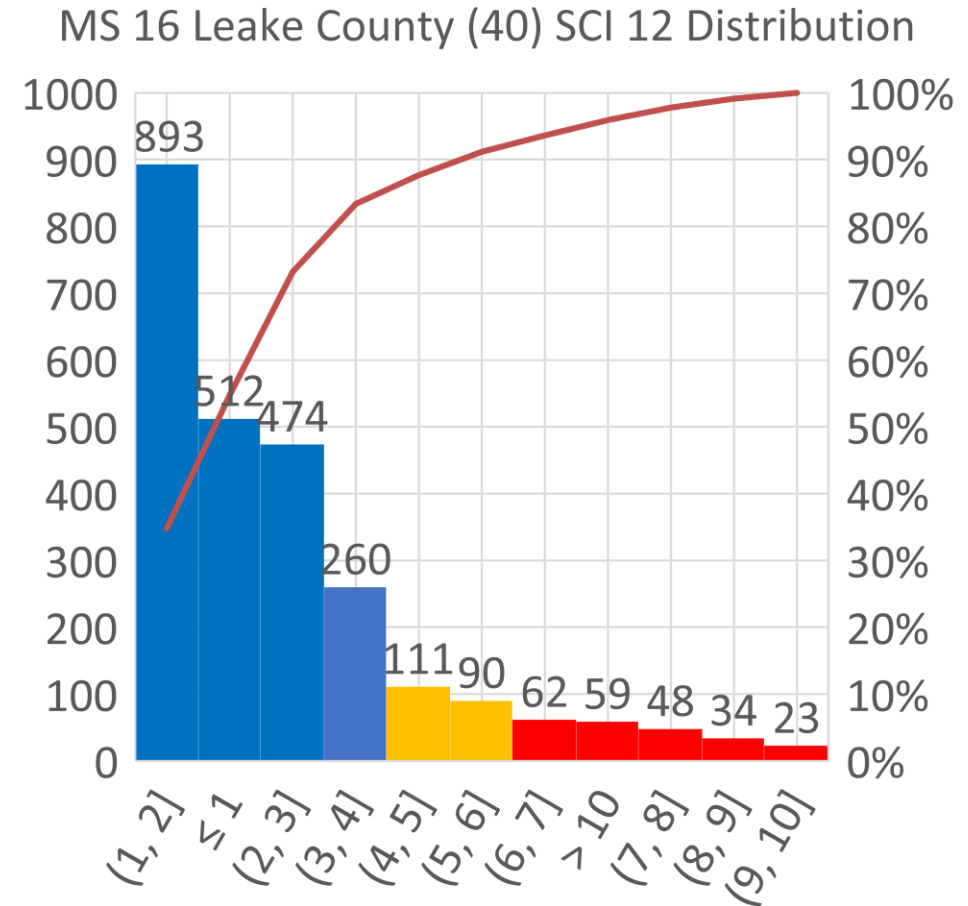
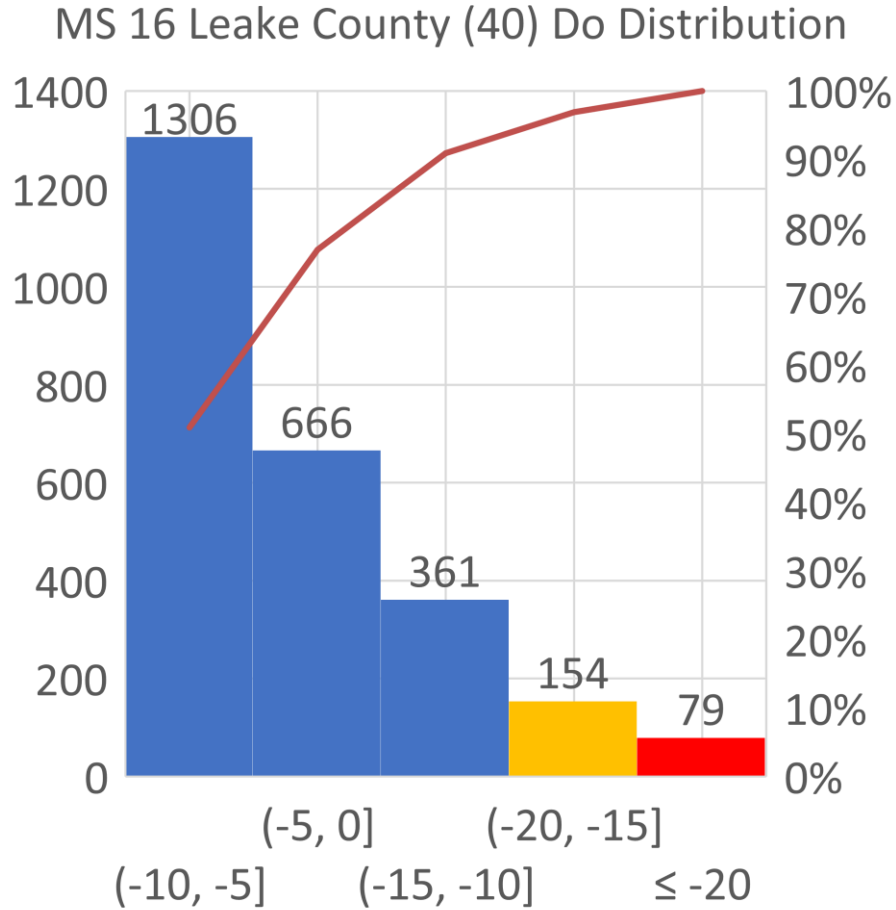
Bad:  
Resurface or  
Minor

Ugly:  
Major

## iPave Filters



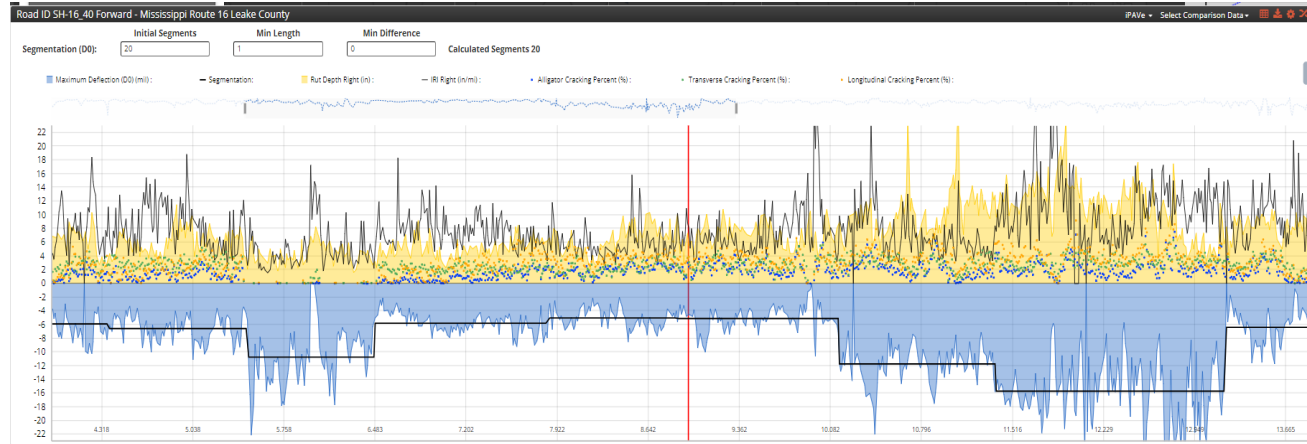
# Distribution of Structural Measures



# Segmentation and Core Locations



Hawkeye Segmentation tool is very useful for corridor project planning!

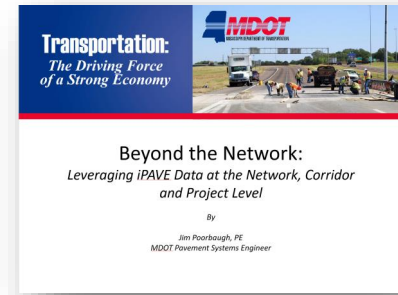


	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	
	Station	Lat	Long	(lbs)	W1	W2	W3	W4	W5	W6	W7	SURF(€)	BASE(€)	SUBB(€)	SUBG(€)	ERR/Sens	Bedroc	High Error in Back C	Sub Grade Mod too High	Subbase Modulus too hig	Base too High	AC Modulus too hig	Not used in Modulus calcs	
1	14.043	32.6236	-89.9542	9,140	4.4	3.7	2.9	1.9	1.3	0.9	0.6	1040	1105.3	15.4	52.7	12.16 82.6 *							1040	
2	14.053	32.6237	-89.9541	9,011	3.8	3.1	2.4	1.5	1	0.6	0.4	1040	1123.4	15.4	72.3	13.52 69.5 *								1040
3	14.113	32.624	-89.9531	9,246	4.7	3.9	3	2	1.4	0.9	0.6	1040	669.8	38.7	41.3	9.52 76.9 *								1040
4	14.233	32.6246	-89.9512	9,283	3.6	3	2.4	1.7	1.2	0.8	0.5	1040	1780.4	150	47.7	7.51 71.6 *								1040
5	14.243	32.6247	-89.951	9,129	4.1	3.5	2.8	2	1.5	1	0.7	1040	2000	15.4	51.1	13.68 78.8 *			x					1040
6	14.253	32.6247	-89.9509	9,130	4.3	3.6	2.8	1.9	1.4	1	0.7	1040	2000	10	50.7	9.08 87.1 *								1040
7	14.303	32.625	-89.9501	9,354	2.6	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.4	1040	1987.5	23.7	117.8	25.72 71.5 *	x							1040
8	14.323	32.6251	-89.9497	9,251	2.6	2.3	1.8	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.4	1040	2000	150	66.9	9.69 74.3 *		x		x				1040
9	14.356	32.7708	-89.0837	9,152	1	4.4	7.5	2.7	0.9	0.4	0.3	340	100	10	65.3	43.24 41.2 *	x							340
10	14.366	32.7707	-89.0835	9,458	1	5.6	8.6	3.7	1.7	1	0.6	0.4	340	100	10	40.2	24.79 52.0 *	x						340
11	14.466	32.7706	-89.0818	9,347	1	7.8	12.1	6.8	3.5	2	1.2	0.7	340	100	10	21.1	21.4 65.6 *	x						340
12	14.566	32.7706	-89.0801	9,588	7.3	5.6	4.1	2.8	2	1.4	0.9	1040	393.1	24.4	30.9	4.65 81.4 *								1040
13	14.616	32.7705	-89.0792	9,553	1	9.4	13.6	8.4	4.5	2.5	1.5	0.9	340	100	10	17.6	20.26 72.2 *							340
14	14.706	32.7704	-89.0777	9,487	1	1.5	8.4	5.1	2.5	1.3	0.7	0.4	517.4	100	10	34.7	20.64 60.4 *	x						517.4



- Where to take cores?
- Converted iPAVE data to use Modulus 7
- Excluded A LOT of points

# Mississippi Case Study Conclusions



## Changed construction scope:

- ✓ Initially planned as “Major” (i.e., Full Depth Reclamation)
- ✓ Estimate \$61 mill from PMS
- ✓ Structural Numbers indicate that “Minor” is appropriate
- ✓ Estimate \$10-15 million for Construction.
- ✓ **75% reduction is cost.**
- ✓ Grant received as part of the FHWA Climate Challenge
- ✓ Cold In Place Recycling.



Source: Jim Poorbaugh





## Invitation: Third Symposium on Pavement Structural Evaluation with Traffic Speed Deflection Devices (TSDDs)

→ Spring/ Summer 2024

→ Location TBD (maybe Washington DC)



# Conclusions

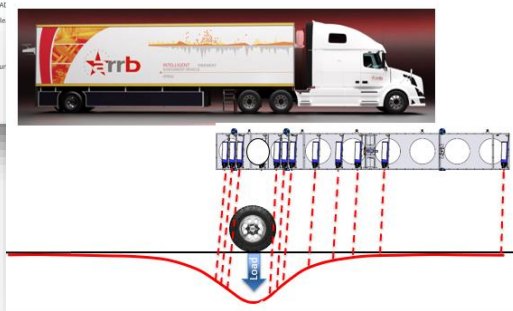
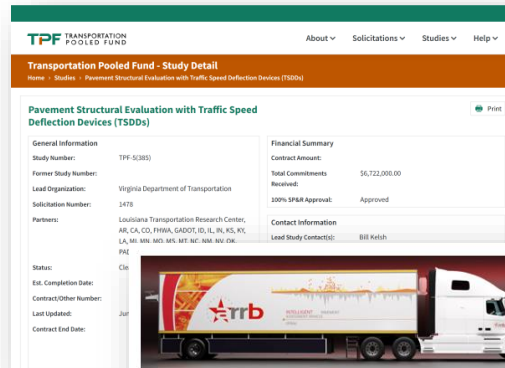


# Conclusions

- ✓ The technology is **mature for network-level pavement management**
  - Accuracy and precision is adequate
  - Useful information to make better (more cost-effective) decisions
- ✓ It looks **very promising for project/ corridor analysis**
  - May need better calibration/ verification/ QA
  - Device specific analysis methods may produce even better results
- ✓ We can make a strong business case for collecting structural condition at the network, corridor, and project level showing **very high returns on investment**



# Collecting network-level structural capacity and blurring the line between network and project level pavement asset management



**TPF-5(385)**

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